

Oregon's Trauma Informed Journey

Mandy Davis, LCSW, PhD madavis@pdx.edu

Our time today

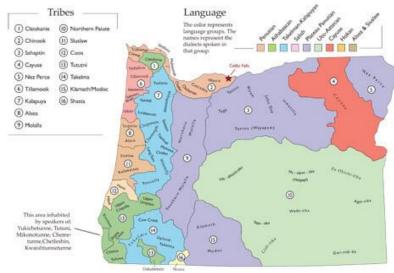
- Level setting language
- Who we are and how we came to be
- What we do
- What has worked
- What has helped
- Challenges

*care for yourself while thinking of those around you

Setting the Context/Level Setting



Native American Tribes and Language Groups



Population = 4,301,089 Size = 250, 000 Km2

Terms

Trauma – something that overwhelms your ability to cope in the moment; event, effect, experience; threatens survival – includes experiences of oppression such as racism, agism, sexism, ableism.

Toxic Stress – prolonged activation of the stress response system in the absence of protective relationships

Scarcity – having less than you think you need (see Mullainathan & Shafir (2013)

TRAUMA SPECIFIC SERVICES VS. TRAUMA INFORMED CARE

- Trauma Recovery/Trauma Specific Services
 - Reduce symptoms
 - ► Teach skills
 - Promote healing: psycho-empowerment, mind-body, other modalities.
- Trauma Sensitive
- aware
- Trauma Informed Care
 - Guide policy, practice, procedure based on understanding of trauma
 - Corrective emotional experiences.
 - Parallel process
 - ► Assumption: every interaction with trauma survivor activates trauma response or does not.

Why is it important?

- Trauma is pervasive and it's impact is broad, deep and life-shaping.
- ▶ Necessary for those activated to engage
- ▶ Trauma differentially affects the more vulnerable.
- ▶ Trauma affects how people approach services.

► The service system has often been activating or retraumatizing.

Definition and Frame

- Original framework for TIC focused on Safety Power Value
- At TIO* we currently use SAMHSA's definition of TIC (realize, recognize, respond, resist retraumatization) encourage system specific definitions
- Focus on how organizations and systems can apply the principles of TIC to:
 - Reduce toxic stress ,traumatization, and retraumatization,
 - Increase engagement,
 - Promote 'whole-brain' healthy workforce
- Focus on systemic oppression and institutional abuse anti-oppressive practice
- Utilize NEAR science frame (neuro, epigenetics, ACE, Resilience)

History

- Addictions and Mental Health Division (as part of Dept of Human Services) writes Oregon's first policy on trauma (2006)
- ▶ Between 2010 and 2012, trauma awareness gathered momentum nationally and in Oregon.
 - Funded Trauma Informed Practice in Housing project 2010-2013
 - Healthcare costs/reform
 - Current activities The Dallas, State Hospital, NTC, etc.
- Children's System Advisory Committee (CSAC, advisory to Addiction and Mental Health) identifies the impact of trauma as a priority and includes it in their work plan (2012) with a white paper to follow
- Oregon Health Authority Addictions and Mental Health Division creates a Trauma Informed Care Policy based on the white paper and its recommendations (July, 2014)
- Trauma Informed Oregon is initiated through the child mental health leadership of AMH and CSAC, and made possible by the vision of state legislators (July, 2014)

Trauma Informed Care

Policy Overview All behavioral health programs licensed by Health Systems (formerly AMH), including partner agencies.

Providers are knowledgeable and:

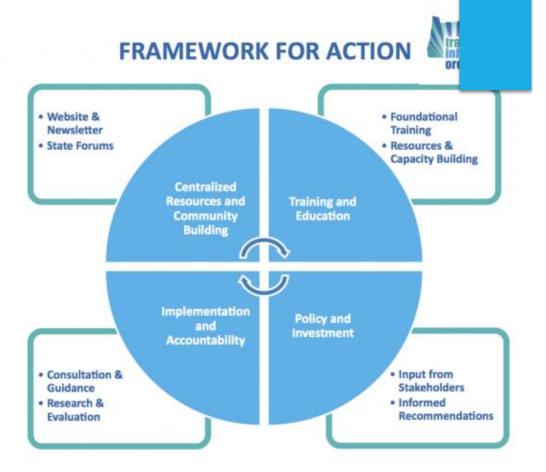
- Informed about the effects of psychological trauma;
- Able to assess for the presence of trauma and related challenges;
- Able to offer or refer to services that facilitate recovery.

Establish a standard of care , Increase access, Mitigate vicarious traumatization

Who we are and What we do

Trauma Informed Oregon

- a statewide collaborative aimed at preventing and ameliorating the impact of adverse experiences on children, adults, and families.
- Primarily funded by OHA.
- Oregon Pediatric Society & Oregon Health Science University.
- Advisory board with lived experience, public health, office of equity, provider.
- OTAC Oregon Trauma Advocates Coalition – young people
- 6 FTE staff = 7 people + students



Mission: In recognition of the impact that adverse experiences in childhood have on long-term health outcomes, TIO represents a commitment at the state level to promote prevention and to bring policies and practices into better alignment with the principles of trauma informed care (TIC) while supporting equitable and inclusive services.



Training & Education

- Foundational Knowledge
- Workforce WellnessCapacity Building
- Train the Trainer Program
- Online Training Modules



Implementation & Accountability

- Consultation
- Technical Assistance
- Research and Evaluation
- Metric Development



Policy & Investment

- Stakeholder Input
- Informed Recommendations
- Evidence-based Policy Support
- Advocacy Resources



Centralized Resources & Community Building

- Public WebsiteE-Newsletter
- Tools and Tips
- Peer Support Resources
- Community Engagement
- Stakeholder Involvement
- Regional Forums
- State Conferences

Impact Trauma Informed Oregon started in 2014

20k

People Trained

468

Workshops Provided

107

Trainers Trained

23

County Forums

Statewide Conference

25

Newsletters Published

Reach

Local

- Works with Housing, Mental Health, Education, Justice, Healthcare, CCOs, Suicide Prevention, Natural Resources, Climate, Higher Education Sectors
- Supports State Health Assessment, Technical Advisory on Climate Change, Child Foster Care Advisory Committee
- Connected with each county in Oregon

National

- Board Member on the
 Campaign for Trauma Informed
 Policy and Practice (CTIPP)
- Member of the National TIC Measurement Workgroup
- Connected with other states including: California, New York, Washington, Washington, D.C., and Wyoming

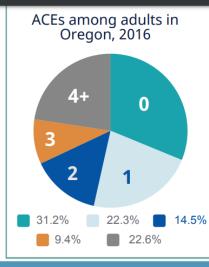
Global

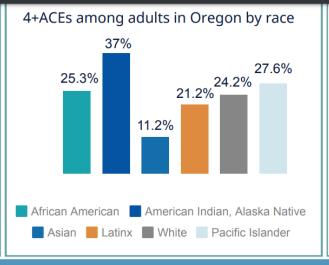
- Board Member on the International Transformational Resilience Coalition
- Online TIC education opportunities in Canada, Indonesia, and Japan.
- Connected with international efforts in the United Kingdom

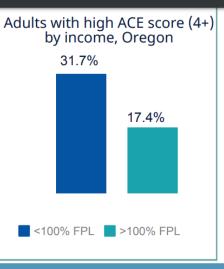
Why Trauma Informed Care in Oregon?

Expected outcomes of awareness and commitment to TIC:

- TIC principles are reflected in policies, practices, and procedures;
- Staff and service users feel safe, empowered, valued, and cared for;
 Increased service engagement, workforce satisfaction, and retention
- Improved community resilience, health, and wellness.







Incidence of workforce burnout, secondary stress, and vicarious trauma in Oregon

23%

Annual turnover rate among Oregon child welfare workers due to burnout² 41%

5-year attrition rate among new teachers in Oregon³ 30%

Oregon correctional staff who show symptoms of PTSD ⁴ 54%

Physicians who have at least one symptom of burnout 5

Statewide Efforts

Regional Initiatives

- The Consortium to Create Sanctuary in the Columbia River Gorge, which is becoming Sanctuary-certified, was one of 14 communities in the national Mobilizing Action for Resilient Communities project;
- Central Oregon TRACES hosted a community summit in 2017 attended by representatives from more than 100 organizations;
- Southern Oregon Success leads a Self-Healing Community Initiative with guidance from ACE Interface that has trained more than 8,000 people across all sectors in Jackson and Josephine Counties;
- Washington County ACEs Initiative has over 50 community partners.

Policy Responses

- HCR 33 Encourages state officers, agencies, and employees to become informed about impacts of trauma and to implement evidence-based trauma informed care practices and interventions.
- HB 4002 (Chapter 68) Requires state education agencies to address chronic absences of students and provides funding for trauma informed approaches in schools.
- HB 2401 Requires the Department of Human Services to provide trauma informed training to child welfare personnel.

What has worked and Challenges:

- Build Credibility
 - University based (neutral, not for profit, public domain)
 - Partners involved (OHA, OPS, OHSU)
 - Voices of those with lived experience
 - Responsive to our 'collaborative' with content and resources.
 - Challenge: Maintain credibility with new thinking and resources stay on the front end
- Holding Complexity honoring the messiness
 - Diverse & dynamic systems involved and differences honored.
 - Challenge: Continue reaching all areas of the state; differences & standards; a process; outcomes
- Leveraging Networking Connecting
 - Honoring & learning from what is already happening.
 - State policy & agency support
 - Intersecting the work with current initiatives, lens, approaches.
 - Promote connecting not combining.
 - Challenge: Creating ways to leverage or achieve economies of scale, for instance Train the Trainer or online modules to meet training requests / needs; connecting efforts

- early learning
- juvenile justice
- corrections.
- healthcare
- substance use
- education
- natural resource managers
- state public health
- local public health
- disaster preparedness

Early Childhood

- Home visiting
- Childcare providers
- pre-k-12 programs
- Head start/early head start

County - Community

- BCR model -
- MARC grant
- SHC
- TRACES, HOPE, TI Baker, etc

Education

- School adopting models
- Funding for health and schools
- TIC pilots –
- Models CLEAR, ARC...
- Workforce
- Partner with CBO & health

- Residential environments
- Pain management
- NICU-

Public Health

- Data re: ACE & SDOH
- Local priority focus
- Prevention
- MCH focus
- Chronic disease connection
- State Health Improvement Plan (adversity, toxic stress, trauma)

Natural Resource Managers - Disaster

- Environment & houseless population
- Climate related stress
- Resilient communities
- Workforce

Housing

- Environments sensory
- Policies and procedures
- Facilities
- Cross training
- Accommodations/accessibility

Prevent Adversity Provide Healing Promote Wellness

<u>Legislation – Policy:</u>

- Policies to study
- Policies to train/competency
- Policies to meet needs (food, shelter)
- Accountability
- Flexible & combined funding

Substance Use

- Connections

- Workforce

Judicial

- Probation models with TIC lens
- Judges training
- TSS in juvenile justice
- Training
- Children of Incarcerated Parents
- Workforce

Business

- Workforce training
- Prevention
- EAPs
- Community support

Behavioral Health

- Integrate
- TSS training
- Peer support
- Traditional healing
- Workforce

Healthcare

- Ed. students & existing physicians
- TIC implementation -
- ACE screening Resilience
- ECHO with primary drs
- ACE in psychiatric rotation
- Integrated Behavioral health
- OPAL-K and OPAL-A
- Workforce

Where are we headed?

- Creative ways to build and sustain capacity
 - Review boards
 - Coaching models
 - Trainer development
- Outcomes Evaluation
 - Researcher in residence
 - Learn what is working in real time/quicker time
- Culturally Responsive and Linguistically Appropriate resources and alignment.
- Policy expansion and resources for agencies to demonstrate TIC.
- Connecting the roles of systems.
- Community level work.

A word about policy

Policy Work

- Federal
 - Set standards; potential funding
 - Les flexible
- State
 - More flexible
 - ► HCRs
 - Divisions (public health, health authorities, education)
 - Directing practice and/or education
 - Training (e.g. Lactation)
- County
 - Services direction
 - Fund initiatives or people
 - ► E.g. Deschutes County
 - ► Highlight state law challenges
- Organizational
 - Practices
 - ► HR
 - Procedures

Tips for Advocacy

ORGANIZE

Groups are more effective. Think state, region or city. Connected people.

EDUCATE

- yourselves about your Congressional delegation
- 2. your Senators and Congresspersons' local staff in their local offices,
- 3. your Congressional delegation's personal staff in Washington,
- 4. staff of the relevant committees, whether or not one of your members is on that committee, and
- 5. your Senators and Congresspersons

ADVOCATE

- either introduce a new bill containing trauma-informed provisions,
- support one that has already been introduced by another member, or
- 3. to amend a bill that has already been introduced by another member

There are a number of possible legislative provisions that could assist traumainformed initiatives that do not require any new funding or just a small amount, such as:

- Provisions directing Federal agencies to <u>develop and implement</u> a comprehensive, integrated strategy to prevent and treat the underlying trauma
- giving cities, states, tribes and other local entities the freedom to <u>combine</u> from different grant programs.
- Provisions directing federal agencies to come together to <u>collect and</u> <u>disseminate</u> best practices for preventing and treating the effects of childhood trauma;
- Provisions making it clear that trauma-informed prevention and treatment programs are <u>eligible for reimbursement</u> under such programs as Medicaid and CHIP, and are appropriate uses of grant funds under various existing federal health, social and law enforcement grant programs.

Key Bills from the 2017 Oregon Session

- Coordinated Care Organizations (CCO) Contract Reform (HB 2122): Modifies requirements for coordinated care organizations in 2018 and 2023.
- Cover all Kids (HB 2305, HB 2389, HB 2726, SB 558): Authorizes OHA to provide medical assistance, within available funds, to low income children residing in Oregon if necessary to move toward goals of Legislative Assembly expressed in law and to improve health of Oregon communities.
- End Profiling (HB 2355): Directs Oregon Criminal Justice Commission to develop method for recording data concerning officer-initiated pedestrian and traffic stops.
- New School Based Health Centers & Trauma Informed Approaches (HB 2408): Appropriates moneys to plan, establish, and operate new school-based health centers; increase student access to school-based mental health providers; and to fund pilot programs that uses trauma-informed approaches.
- Reproductive Health Equity (HB 2232): Requires health benefit plan coverage of specified health care services, drugs, devices, products, and procedures related to reproductive health.
- Tobacco Bills (HB 2024): Imposes tax on inhalant-form nicotine; requires legal smoking age to be 21 years old; and provides that businesses may not make retail sale of inhalant-form nicotine in this state unless business has obtained a license.
- Foster Children Sibling Bill of Rights (HB 2216). https://traumainformedoregon.org/former-foster-youth-testifies-legislature/
- House Concurrent Resolution 33

What has helped



Trauma Informed Care Logic Model

WHAT WE NEED

WHAT WE DO

WHAT WILL HAPPEN

OUTCOMES (hypothesized)

AWARENESS of trauma among service users and staff.

TIC COMPETENCE among staff and leadership.

COMMITMENT from leadership and staff to prioritize TIC in budget, mission/vision, and strategic plan.

INFORMATION to identify strengths and areas of improvement.

PROCESS & INFRASTRUCTURE to support and sustain TIC efforts.

Reflect TIC principles through:

POLICIES

PRACTICES, for example:

- Performance reviews
- Hiring and onboarding
- Supervision

PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT

PERSONAL INTERACTIONS Service users and staff will:

FEEL SAFE

FEEL EMPOWERED (with voice and choice)

FEEL VALUED & CARED FOR

BELIEVE the organization has their best interests in mind

TRUST the organization, staff, and leadership

SERVICE USER ENGAGEMENT & SATISFACTION

- More appt. completion
- Less no shows
- Less absences (school)

STAFF ENGAGEMENT & SATISFACTION

- Less turnover
- Less sick days
- Less burnout & compassion fatigue

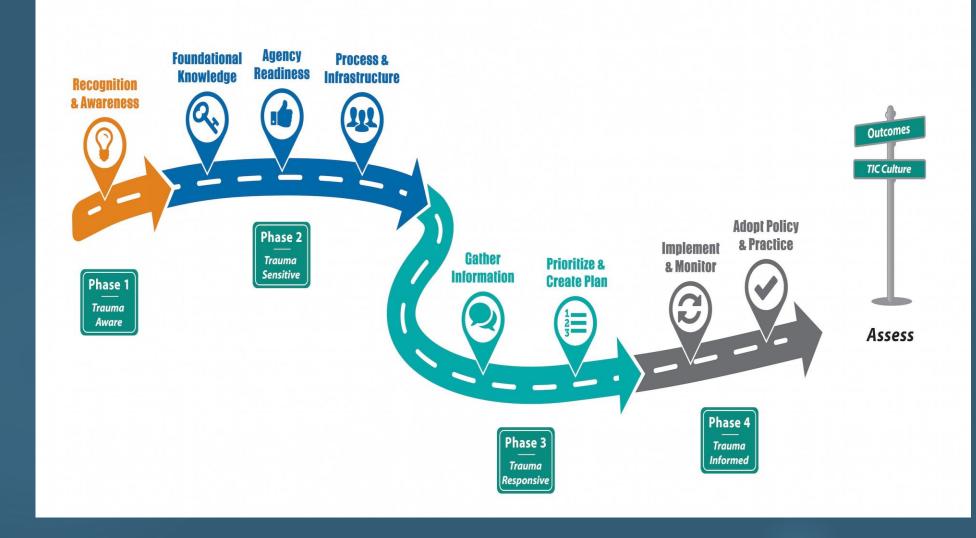
BETTER HEALTH & WELLNESS

Assumptions

- 1. Human service settings are populated with people (service users and staff) with experience of past or present trauma.
- 2. Services and settings can be re-traumatizing for individuals when they feel unsafe or don't feel that they have control, power, choice, voice, or value.
- 3. Trauma informed care takes these challenges into account and creates services and settings that are safe, empowering, trustworthy, collaborative, and responsive to cultural, historical, and gender issues (based on TIC principles).

Trauma Informed Care: WHEN Do We Do It?

ROAD MAP TO TRAUMA INFORMED CARE



Trauma Informed Care Screening Tool

PHASE PHASE Trauma Sensitive Trauma Responsive Trauma Informed **EVALUATE** Trauma Aware Recognition **Foundational** Agency Process & Gather Prioritize a. Implement Adopt Policy 8. Monitor Outcomes Information & Practice & Awareness Knowledge Readiness Infrastructure Create Plan TIC Culture Org has stable A dedicated group Work group uses a At least one person A few staff Work group has Changes to policy Any or some changes Any or some changes funding and a low developed a and practice in org understands has attended (e.g. work group) is process for gathering to policy, practice. to policy, practice, need for TIC and foundational identitfied as TIC info about TIC method to prioritize level of org chaos or environment have or environment are documented training about TIC TIC opportunities been initiated have been adopted is a champion change agents opportunities A group in org Most staff has Leadership is Work group has Work group has. Changes are @ Impact of TIC. Change agents Any or some changes attended committed created a work plan understand need include people reviewed policies, reviewed and to policy, practice, or changes for staff for TIC and are foundational to TIC with lived experience practices, and environment monitoredenvironment have been and service users champions training about TIC in your service systems with trauma lens "did it work?" institutionalized is determined A majority of org Most staff has A majority The org has a Work group manitors Changes are Most changes to 6 Impact of TIC. A process for understands and knowledge of staff are communication process for input. the work plan and modified as policy, practice, or changes on the can speak about about TIC committed and info sharing and feedback from uses it to feed needed environment have been organization or need for TIC to TIC is established staff and service users implementation efforts institutionalized system is determined, e.g. org level data Org uses data TIC knowledge Resources are Change agents The org uses Most changes to validate need is exchanged directed to are able to infuse other data to identify that are needed to for TIC among staff as part effort, e.a. time TIC knowledge to opportunities policy and practice of the org culture for training other staff in org for TIC have been initiated A group in org. G TIC is an Change agents are can apply TIC organizational empowered to call into knowledge priority question non-trauma informed policy and practice, and skills including power structures Organization's Org has internal leaders model TIC capacity to educate We recommend the following citation: Trauma Informed others with Oregon (2018). Trauma Informed Care Screening Tool, foundational Organization's leaders embody knowledge

TIC including

practicing self-evaluation Phase language (e.g. trauma aware) is adopted from

Informed, MO Dept. of Mental Health Partners (2014).

Missauri Model: A Developmental Framework for Trauma

Trauma Informed Care: WHAT Do We Do<mark>?</mark>

Standards of Practice

Trauma Informed Oregon December 2017

- Leadership Commitment and Endorsement. School district, school boards, and school leadership
 acknowledge that an understanding of the impact of trauma is central to effective service delivery
 and make operational decisions accordingly.
- Ia. The district and school board are aware and committed to TIC. How is this assessed?
- Ib. The words "trauma informed" appear in district policies, school improvement plans, and staff/student handbooks. This may also be stated as "trauma informed practice," or "trauma informed schools." Describe or provide examples.
- **Ic.** The school has made a commitment to diversity and equity with students and families. How is this reflected in policy and practice?
- Id. Students at the school who come from a diversity of backgrounds have leadership roles (e.g., student body, etc.).
 What roles? How is diversity defined?
- **Ie.** There is a process in place for regular feedback and suggestions from staff, students, caregivers, and community members or partners related to TIC (e.g., perceived safety, welcoming environment, transparency, shared decision making, helpful/supportive staff, etc.).

The Standards for TIC

Agency Commitment Leadership invested in learning Budget for TIC Feedback sought and used Workforce wellness a priority Commitment to equity and diversity

Environmental
Scan
Staff and
consumer
experience
Safe Space
TI crisis protocols
in place

Physical Environment and Safety

Workforce Development Training
Hiring and Onboarding
Supervision
HR policies and
practices
Workforce wellness

Service Delivery

Welcoming
environment
Intake process
Staff skill set
Transparent program
rules
TSS services available
or referred
Peer support

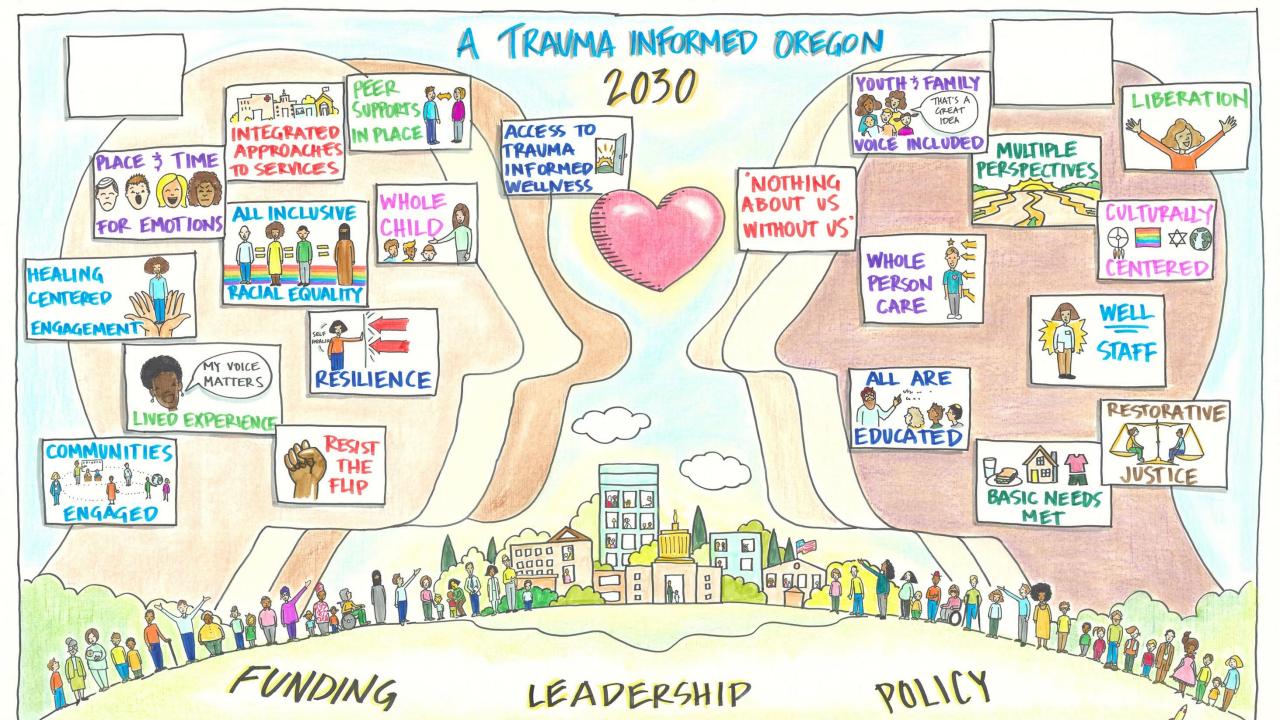
and Monitoring

Systems Change

Sustained process for TIC Self-assessment Communication Evaluation, feedback loop

Final Thoughts

- Connect initiatives How are Social Emotional Learning (SEL); Diversity, Equity, Inclusion (DEI); and Restorative Justice (RJ) connected with TI?
- Link language validate use the principles "Yes, that is Trauma-informed!"
- Supervision support
- Keep TI knowledge present Even if you call it something different, where is TI in the work?
- Talk about TIC as an adjective versus a noun It is how we do the work.
- Be TI in your TI efforts –
- A people's movement



Summarizing

Awareness

Understand the prevalence of trauma and the potential impact it has on behaviors.

Be aware of potential triggers

Be aware of self-biases

Regulation

Communicate and behave in ways that promote safety, trust, and collaboration.

Be on the watch for parallel process

Reflection

Reflect on interactions.
Repeat or restore and repair as needed.

Questions?

THANK YOU!



